

Effectiveness of Influenza Vaccination against Influenza-related Hospitalizations among Children: A Systematic Review

Mohammed Saad Alqahtani* Nazim Faisal Hamed** Dr. Efteraj Alhowity, MD*** Fatimah Abdulmohsen Alomogren, MD****
Dalyel Mohammed Alkhaldi,**** Fawaz khalifah M Alanazi***** Amjad Kaddoura*****

ABSTRACT

Objectives: To assess the effectiveness of influenza vaccination in reducing the risk of influenza-related hospitalizations in the pediatric population.

Methods: A thorough search across four databases identified 412 relevant publications. After removing duplicates using Rayyan QCRI and screening for relevance, 196 full-text articles were reviewed, with 8 studies ultimately meeting the criteria for inclusion.

Results: We included eight studies with a total of 3,648,778 children. Most studies reported using live attenuated influenza vaccines (LAIV) and inactivated vaccines for the included children. The studies consistently show that influenza vaccination significantly reduces the risk of severe outcomes, including hospitalizations and emergency visits, especially among children and young populations. Even in seasons with strain mismatches or antigenic drift, the vaccine maintained approximately 40% effectiveness in preventing hospitalization. Vaccination provided notable protection for children under five, a group particularly vulnerable to severe complications. Both inactivated and LAIV demonstrated effectiveness in lowering hospitalization rates across different seasons, underscoring the importance of annual influenza immunization.

Conclusion: In conclusion, influenza vaccination is effective in reducing influenza-related hospitalizations, particularly among young children who are at heightened risk for severe disease. Even in seasons with antigenic variation, the vaccine demonstrated protective benefits, reinforcing its value in public health strategies aimed at reducing the burden of influenza. These findings advocate for increased vaccine coverage, particularly in vulnerable populations, to mitigate hospitalizations and support healthcare systems during influenza outbreaks.

Keywords: Influenza vaccination; Hospitalization prevention; Vaccination effectiveness; Children; Systematic review.

Bahrain Med Bull 2025; 47 (2): 2212 - 2216

* Department of Pediatric
Ministry of National Guard Health Affairs
Dammam, Saudi Arabia Email: alqahtanim17@mngaha.med.sa

** Consultant, General Pediatrics
Security Force Hospital
Dammam, Saudi Arabia.
Email: nazim_prof@yahoo.com

*** Consultant Pediatric Infectious Diseases
King Salman Armed Forces Hospital, Tabuk, Saudi Arabia.

**** Medical Intern, Imam Abdulrahman Bin Faisal University
King Fahad University Hospital, Saudi Arabia.

***** Pediatric Assistant Consultant
Maternity and Children Hospital
Saudi Arabia.

***** Pediatric Consultant, M.C.H Tabuk, Saudi Arabia.